



**Mobile Device Cybersecurity:
What Can You Do
To Protect Your Smart Phone?**

Check List

John J. Carney, Esq.
Carney Forensics
www.carneyforensics.com

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Maintain Physical Control of Your Device at All Times

Use Strong, Complex Pass Phrases

- A long, ten to fifteen character alphanumeric password is best
- Four or six digit password is not enough
- Four or five words and/or numbers separated by spaces are good pass phrases
- Movies, songs, book titles, etc. are easy to remember

Use Automatic Lock Settings

- Set “auto-lock” for a short period of time (30 seconds or less)
- Set device lock after reasonable number of failed unlock attempts (10 to 15)

Disable Wi-Fi, Bluetooth, and NFC Settings When Not in Use

- Do not connect to unsafe devices around you
- Connect to Wi-Fi at work or home and Bluetooth in automobile, etc.

Eliminate Use of Public Wi-Fi Hotspots

- Disable Wi-Fi setting at Starbucks, hotels, etc.
- Use personal hotspot (service provider’s 3G/4G) on your smart phone instead
- Consider Virtual Private Network (VPN) third party service on your smart phone

Protect Home Wi-Fi

- Use WPA2 authentication key on your home router
- Update your home router firmware regularly
- Consider Virtual Private Network (VPN) third party service for your home router

Encrypt Your Mobile Device

- Encrypt your Android smart phone and microSD card
- Connect your Android smart phone to power when you encrypt it
- Your iPhone is encrypted already by default

Use and Regularly Test Mobile Device Tools for Loss or Theft

- Enable remote location, ring, lock, and erase services for lost mobile device
- Use Find My iPhone app on iCloud account for your iPhone
- Use Android Device Manager on Google account for your Android phone
- Consider third party mobile apps like Lookout, Cerberus, etc.

Upgrade and Patch Mobile Device Operating Systems

- Upgrade to new operating system version immediately
- Connect your mobile device to power during upgrade and use safe Wi-Fi signal

Choose and Install Mobile Malware Protection

- Eliminate viruses, spyware, and exploits like ransomware, etc.
- Protect against drive-by download attacks for safe surfing
- Consider Trend Micro, Kaspersky, Lookout, etc. for iPhone
- Consider Malwarebytes, Kaspersky, Trend Micro, Lookout, etc. for Android

Beware Mobile Social Engineering Scams

- Be alert for clickjacking attacks that trick user into clicking on harmful link or attachment
- Be alert for personalized, spear phishing attacks in your web mail or e-mail apps
- Be alert for SMiShing attacks (“SMS phishing”) in your text messages

Do Not Jailbreak Your iPhone or Root Your Android

- Compromises vendor security controls and weakens the security of your mobile device
- Do not enable “USB debugging” or “Stay awake” settings on your Android
- Do not enable “Unknown sources” setting on your Android

Choose and Install Password Manager

- It creates long passwords, automatically logs in, reduces password reuse, has scorecard
- Consider third party options like Dashlane, LastPass, eWallet, etc.

Enable Two-Factor Authentication (2FA)

- It is a second, time-based password for secure access to web accounts and mobile apps
- Use Google Authenticator or Authy app on smart phone to get time-based passwords

Backup Your Mobile Device

- Check your iCloud settings on your iPhone to backup to the cloud
- Check your Google settings on your iPhone or Android to backup to the cloud
- Consider backing up your Android to the cloud with third party Android apps (Lookout, Titanium, Helium, MyBackup, SMS Backup, etc.)
- Backup your iPhone to your Windows PC or your MacBook with Apple’s iTunes

Mobile App Store Validity

- Only download apps from Apple App Store for your iPhone
- Only download apps from Google Play Store or Amazon Appstore for your Android

Install Secure (Encrypted) Mobile Messaging Apps

- Consider Signal, WhatsApp, and Google Allo
- Consider TigerText for HIPAA compliant needs

Be Aware of Mobile Obfuscation

- Spoilation by wiping phone remotely or resetting to factory conditions in settings
- Spoilation by using third party “cleaner” apps
- Use of hidden, password protected apps with vaults to hide documents, photos, or apps
- Use of decoy apps which appear to do one thing while designed to do something else

Other Resources

- Check the U.S. FCC’s “Smartphone Security Checker” for iPhone, Android, Windows Phone, and BlackBerry